



ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS

Social Studies

MARKS **100**

Class : V

Time : 2½ Hours

Syllabus

Lessons : 1 to 19

School Stamp

I. Answer the following questions.

(10 × 5 = 50)

1. Why is Socrates remembered even today ?
2. How is the Security Council important ?
3. How is India co-operating with the U.N. ?
4. How did the revolt of 1857 start ?
5. Write about the Home Rule movement.
6. What was the Rowlatt Act ?
7. Name the plants and animals found in Saudi Arabia.
8. How were messages carried in the past ?
9. How does the discovery of antibiotics help the fight against diseases ?
10. What is meant by industrial revolution ?

II. Choose the correct answer and write its letter in the bracket.

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Paper was first used in ()
 - a) China
 - b) Egypt
 - c) India
2. Vasco da Gama came to India in ()
 - a) 1498
 - b) 1496
 - c) 1398
3. U.N.O. started with _____ members. ()
 - a) 51
 - b) 68
 - c) 59
4. The U.N.O. was founded on _____ 1945. ()
 - a) October - 24
 - b) March - 28
 - c) November - 14
5. The Security Council has _____ members. ()
 - a) 9
 - b) 15
 - c) 6

6. The Non-Aligned Movement was started by ()
 a) Jawaharlal Nehru b) Gandhi c) Swami Vivekananda
7. Ramakrishna mission was established by ()
 a) Swami Vivekananda b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy c) Dayananda Saraswati
8. Civil Disobedience Movement was started in ()
 a) 1929 b) 1942 c) 1930
9. The first President of the Indian National Congress was ()
 a) Womesh Chandra Banerjee
 b) Jawaharlal Nehru
 c) Indira Gandhi
10. The head quarters of W.H.O is in ()
 a) New York b) Washington c) Geneva

III. Fill in the blanks.

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. The head of the Secretariat is _____
2. _____ of India was elected the President of the U.N. General Assembly in 1953.
3. The revolt of 1857 started at _____
4. Raja Ram Mohan Roy started the _____
5. For Gandhiji _____ was the symbol of India's freedom.
6. The first train in our country was introduced in the year _____
7. The Arabs described the numbers as _____
8. Kerosene, petrol and cooking gas are produced from _____
9. _____ fought against the discrimination of Black Americans.
10. In a map, dark blue colour is used to represent _____

IV. Answer the following questions in one or two words.

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Who was known as 'Frontier Gandhi' ?
 Ans.
2. Who was Socrates ?
 Ans.
3. What is atlas ?
 Ans.
4. Which is the fastest means of transport ?
 Ans.

5. Who invented Microscope ?

Ans.

6. In which country Zaire lies ?

Ans.

7. What are the Prairies of South America called ?

Ans.

8. Expand UNESCO.

Ans.

9. What is the capital of Greenland ?

Ans.

10. Name two animals found in Saudi Arabia.

Ans.

V. Write 'True' or 'False'.

(5 × 1 = 5)

1. The U.N.O. was established in 1946.

()

2. India was never a member of the Security Council.

()

3. V.D. Savarkar was a Congress leader.

()

4. The grasslands of South Africa are known as Downs.

()

5. Mecca is the capital city of Saudi Arabia.

()

VI. Match the following.

(5 × 1 = 5)

(A)

(B)

1. India joined the U.N. in

()

a) United Nations Development programme

2. The architect of Non-aligned movement

()

b) International Labour Organization

3. NAM

()

c) 1945

4. UNDP

()

d) Jawaharlal Nehru

5. ILO

()

e) Non-Aligned Movement

VII. Mark the following on the outline map of World.

(5 × 2 = 10)

1. Sahara Desert

2. South America

3. North America

4. Asia

5. Africa

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