



UNIT TEST - I

25

[Time : 1 Hour]

Class : 3 Vikram Lotus Social Studies

[Max. Marks : 25]

Name :

Class :

Section :

Roll No :

Syllabus : Lotus Term Book : Term -1 (Lessons 1 to 3) Individual Book : Lessons 1 to 3

Summative Assessment

A. Define : (3 x 1 = 3)

1. Atmosphere
2. Map
3. Mountain

B. Answer the following questions. (3 x 1 = 3)

1. What is horizon ?

Ans. _____

2. Which is the largest continent ?

Ans. _____

3. In which state does a large part of the Thar Desert lie ?

Ans. _____

Formative Assessment

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable words given below. (4 x 1 = 4)

South Map Living Spain

1. In 1519, Magellan started his journey from _____
2. The Earth is the home of all _____ things.
3. A _____ helps us to locate a place.
4. The Great Plains of India lie to the _____ of the Himalayas.

D. Write 'T' for True and 'F' for False statements.

(5 x 1 = 5)

1. The lower slopes of the Himalayas are called terai.
2. The ocean floors are not plain or flat.
3. The place where the land and sea meet is called horizon.
4. The bottom of a map is west.
5. Brahmaputra river is called Padma in India.

E. Multiple choice questions. Tick (✓) the correct option.

(5 x 1 = 5)

1. Mt. Everest is located in
 - (i) India
 - (ii) Nepal
 - (iii) China
 - (iv) Pakistan
2. Which of the following lies in the south of India?
 - (i) The Great Himalayas
 - (ii) Bay of Bengal
 - (iii) Arabian Sea
 - (iv) Indian Ocean
3. The largest water body on the Earth is
 - (i) Pacific Ocean
 - (ii) Atlantic Ocean
 - (iii) Indian Ocean
 - (iv) River Nile
4. A globe is useful for studying the different parts of the
 - (i) Universe
 - (ii) Earth
 - (iii) Country
 - (iv) Ocean

5. Neil Armstrong was a famous

(i) Doctor

(ii) Player

(iii) Astronaut

F. Match the following columns.

(5 x 1 = 5)

Column - A

Column - B

1. Book of small maps

(a) Asia

2. Cartographer

(b) Landmasses

3. India

(c) One who makes map

4. Largest water body

(d) Atlas

5. Brown

(e) Pacific Ocean

★★★★