

1. THE DEAF FRIEND

Comprehension Passages

- I.** 1) The deaf man lived in a village.
2) The deaf man said these words.
3) The merchant was ill.
- II.** 1) The merchant was eating the dust of the earth.
2) 'You' refers to the merchant.
3) Death was the doctor of the merchant.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a)** 1) The season mentioned in the passage is 'Winter'.
2) An Arab was crossing the desert.
3) He was crossing the desert on his camel.
4) At sunset he got down and put up his tent by the roadside.
5) "Them" refers to Arab and his camel.
6) The camel stood outside the tent.
7) The camel told his master for the first time that it was very cold outside and he requested to put his head and neck inside the tent.
8) The camel requested his master to after him to put his legs inside the tent as it was very cold outside.
9) The camel put his front legs inside the tent.
10) "short".
- b) i)** It is a variety of domestic pigeon. It finds its way home over extremely long distances. It has an innate homing ability. The Egyptians and the Persians first used carrier pigeons 3,000 years ago. Messenger pigeons were used as early as 1150 in Baghdad. Pigeons eat mostly grains as well as seeds, fruit, green leaves and insects like spiders.
- ii)** We can see the village atmosphere in this picture. A man is feeding the cow by giving it the hay. Another man is milking the cow. A woman and her child are throwing grains to feed a cock, a hen and her chicks. A man and a boy are standing beside a cow. The cow is drinking water from the trough and it is feeding her calf. A goat is also drinking water.

PART - B

- II. i)** a) The merchant lived in a village.
b) The deaf friend heard that the merchant was ill.
- ii)** a) The merchant is the speaker.
b) The speaker's friend is the deaf man. He became ill.
c) The expected answer will be the rice without salt.
- III.** a) Popeye is a parrot.
b) Popeye had pinched two fingers and bitten the ticket - inspector's ear before the train had moved out of the station.
c) A child is the narrator. His pet's name as chips.
d) Chips is a squirrel.
e) He had eaten roasted peanuts offered by the passengers. So his stomach was full.
- IV.a)** 1) A child is saying these lines.
2) The child wants her mother to look at the moon.
3) The moon is shining in the sky.
4) The moon looks like a lamp in the air.
5) Last week the moon was smaller.
6) The moon shaped like a bow last week.
7) The moon is round as an O now.

- b)** Oh, look at the moon !
She is shining in the sky
It is very beautiful
I like it very much
Because it gives us cool light
I think all of us like it.
- V.** 1) When have you been suffering from fever ?
2) Have you taken any medicines ?
3) O.K., Sir !
4) You can go.
5) Thank you sir, Good night.
- VI.** 1) The theatre, 'Padma Priya', was established in 1990.
2) The picture running in the theatre is 'Ragada'.
3) The first show begins at 2 p.m.
4) Four shows are shown on Sunday.
5) The noon show on Sunday begins at 11.30 a.m.
- VII.** There are mainly two kinds of rivers. One kind rivers are the perennial rivers and the other kind rivers are the rain-based rivers. The perennial rivers are originated from the Himalayas and the rain-based rivers are originated from the western Ghats. Ganga, Brahmaputra and Sindu are the perennial rivers and Godavari, Krishna and Kauveri are the rain-based rivers. All the rivers flowed into the Oceans.

VIII.

Tirupathi,

24th, January 2011.

Dear Raghav,

I am safe here and hope you are also safe there. It is a long time since I heard from you. In this letter I would like to write you about a sad incident which was read by me in Yesterday's newspaper.

The day before Yesterday, twenty children suffered vomiting and loose motions after they were administered polio drops at the local government hospital at Satyavedu, Mandal Head Quarters about 90 KM from here. It is really a sad thing. The government should take some preventive measures before giving this type of drops to the children. The doctors and the nurses should be careful while administering this type of medicines. I regret very much to know this incident. I hope these incidents will never occur in future. With this I remain.

Yours lovingly,

V. Ramesh.

Address on the envelope :

To
B. Raghav,
S/o. B. Ravi Babu,
D.No. 2 - 32 - 331/A,
Syamala Street,
Satyanarayanapuram,
Vijayawada.

- IX.** i) 1. d 2. c 3. e 4. a 5. b
ii) 1. d 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. c
iii) 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. e 5. b
iv) 1. c 2. a 3. d 4. e 5. b
v) 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. e 5. b
- X.** a) Yesterday I met my friend at the theatre.
b) My father goes to the office.
c) I don't like coffee.
d) He speaks English well.

- XI.** a) Ravindranath Tagore was born in India.
b) "It's my duty to make my friend happy", he said to himself.
c) "The dust of the earth !" he answered.
- XII.** 1) unhappy, sad 2) careless 3) far 4) enemies
5) impatient
- XIII.1. Persons :** nurse, merchant, doctor, friend
Disabilities : deaf, dumb, lame, blind
2. Persons : visitor, lawyer, painter, soldier
Places : hospital, school, market, ward
- XIV.** 1) van, vanquish, ventilator, village
2) deaf, death, deep, doctor
3) faint, family, famous, fever
4) sale, salt, same, shock
5) heat, heavy, home, hope
- XV.** 1) deaf 2) friend 3) rooms 4) sleep 5) neighbour
- XVI.** 1) ant 2) or 3) ient 4) full 5) er
- XVII.** 1) Could you please tell me where the post-office is ?
2) Could you please permit me to go out ?
3) I shall be thankful if you could give me the newspaper.
4) Could you mind giving me my hall ticket ?
5) Could you please correct our notebooks ?
- XVIII.** 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. a
- XIX.** 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. b

2. THE KANGAROO

Comprehension Passages

- I.** 1) We see the Kangaroos in Australia.
2) Captain James Cook gave that name to it.
3) Cook made his journey to Australia in the eighteenth century.
- II.** 1) A Kangaroo stands on its hind legs.
2) The tail of a Kangaroo is very powerful.
3) A Kangaroo uses its tail to balance itself while standing and also to get some extra push while hopping.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a)** 1) A total of 26,064 students have cleared the All India Pre - Medical / Pre - Dental Entrance Examination.
2) The results were declared on Tuesday.
3) The websites were 1) www.aipmt.nic.in,
2) www.cbse.nic.in and 3) www.cbseresults.nic.in.
4) The counselling will be conducted at New Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai and Chennai.
5) The DGHS will make the allotment of seats to candidates in medical colleges.
6) The candidates placed on the merit / wait list should report for counselling.
7) The candidates must bring the original documents for verification.
8) The persons belong to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward classes and others must bring relevant certificates issued by a competent authority.
9) The above entrance exam was conducted in 2011.
10) 2,21,867 candidates registered their names at the preliminary stage.
- b) i)** The Ostrich is a large flightless bird. It is the only living species of its family. It is distinctive in its appearance, with a long neck and leg. It has the ability to run at maximum speed of 97.5 kms per hour. It lays the largest egg of any living bird. It is farmed for its decorative feathers.

Its skin is used for leather products and its meat marketed commercially.

- ii)** It is the picture of a railway station. It is very busy. The passengers are waiting for the trains to travel by. A man is reading a newspaper. A boy is purchasing some item from the shop. A man and a woman are taking tickets. A girl is sitting on her suitcase. A porter is carrying luggage. A man and a woman are sitting on the resting bench. A man is coming down the stairs.

PART - B

- II. i)** a) James Cook saw a group of strange animals when he landed in Australia.
b) 'Kangaroo' means "I don't know".
- ii)** a) A marsupial means that baby Kangaroos are carried by the another in a pocket of skin which is on the lower half of her body.
b) The pocket of skin is located on the lower half of the mother Kangaroos body.
c) The newly born Kangaroos are each only about two centimetres long.
- III.** a) Atalanta was a fearless hunter and a great runner.
b) Atalanta was not only a fearless hunter and a great runner but also a very beautiful girl.
c) Atalanta wished to marry the man who won a race against her.
d) Atalanta really wanted the persons who really loved her to come forward to run a race against her.
e) The persons who lost the race against Atalanta would be killed.
- IV.** 1) I want fruits.
2) I want fresh apples.
3) Rs. 100/- only.
4) Here, look at these apples. They are a bit cheaper.
5) O.K., have them.
- V.** 1) The name of the movie is 'Anandam'.
2) The theatre was established in 2000.
3) The film was released on 15th July.
4) There are four shows on Saturday and Sunday.
5) The last show starts at 8 P.M.
- VI.** There are three types of cricket matches. They are 20 - 20 match, One-day match and Test match. There is only one innings in a 20 - 20 match and a one - day match. But there are two innings in a Test-match. Twenty - twenty match consists of 40 overs. One day match consists of 100 overs and a test match consists of 180 overs per innings. A twenty - twenty match completes in half-a-day, a one-day match completes in a day and a Test-match completes within 5 days.

VII.

Vijayawada,

22nd, December 2011.

My dear Vishal,

I am doing well and hope you are also doing well. I have been writing my examinations very well. What about you ?

In this letter I would like to write you about the proud and historic occasion of UNESCO's electing Janaganamana as the Hindu best national anthem in the world. Rabindranath Tagore who won the Nobel Prize for his immortal poem Gitanjali wrote this inimitable anthem for the Indians. He is dearly called Gurudev. We are all proud of him. It is high time all of us remembered our Gurudev, Rabindranath Tagore on this proud and historic occasion.

Convey my regards to aunt and uncle.

Yours lovingly,
P. Vijaya.

Address on the envelope :

To
S. Vishal,
S/o. S. Daya Sagar,
D. No. 5 - 24,
Sankar Street,
New Nallakunta,
Hyderabad.

- VIII. i)** 1. c 2. a 3. d 4. e 5. b
ii) 1. d 2. a 3. e 4. b 5. c
iii) 1. c 2. d 3. e 4. a 5. b
iv) 1. b 2. d 3. e 4. a 5. c
v) 1. d 2. c 3. e 4. a 5. b
- IX.** 1) She came last Sunday.
2) I was reading a story when he came to meet me.
3) They don't play well.
4) She brushes her teeth twice a day.
- X.** a) He said, " I don't know. "
b) Kangaroos are marsupials.
c) What do Kangaroos eat ?
- XI.** 1) immortal 2) unusually 3) artificial 4) slowly
5) ordinary
- XII. 1. Persons :** trainer, manager, keeper, doctor
Animals : kangaroo, lion leopard, fox
2. People : sailor, merchant, chemist, spectator
Places : zero, forest, museum, yard
- XIII.** 1) canal, champion, change, chick
2) fail, fever, forest, fun
3) balance, bank, banyan, broad
4) matter, medal, metre, modern
5) salt, sick, shore, space
- XIV.** 1) lion 2) immediate 3) greetings 4) search
5) ground
- XV.** 1) ance 2) ture 3) ment 4) iev 5) er
- XVI.** 1) Could you please discuss grammar, today sir ?
2) Could you please allow me to use your pen ?
3) I shall be thankful if you could grant me leave for tomorrow.
4) I wonder if you could give me English dictionary.
5) Could you mind filling this money order form, sir ?
- XVII.** 1) c 2) b 3) a 4) b 5) a
- XVIII.** 1) b 2) c 3) b 4) c 5) d

3. THE LADY WITH THE LAMP

Comprehension Passages

- I.** 1) Nightingale's parents agreed to her becoming a nurse.
2) She began her work by starting a nursing home for women.
3) The Crimean War broke out in 1854.
- II.** 1) She worked for fifty years as Inspector of hospitals.
2) She fell ill because she worked very hard.
3) She did not stop working. She continued to work to improve nursing.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a)** 1) Two geese and a tortoise were good friends.

- 2) They lived in a small lake.
3) After swimming and playing in the water, they would sit under the trees to rest.
4) One day the lake began to dry up.
5) They were afraid that the lake began to dry up and so they would lose their home.
6) The geese told the tortoise that they could find themselves a new home and they also said that there was a big and beautiful lake on the other side of the hills and it was so big that it would never dry up.
7) The tortoise was excited when he heard that there was a big and beautiful lake.
8) The geese's cousins visited the lake the previous month.
9) After visiting the lake, they said that the water in the lake was as clear as glass.
10) gain
- b) i)** Dolphins look like fish but they are not fish. They have warm blood. They can't live under water. They lay babies. They drink their mother's animals. A dolphin has a fin in the middle of its back. Dolphins have big mouths and lots of small but sharp teeth. We can see them in oceans and in an oceanarium.
- ii)** This is the picture of a zoo. There are so many animals kept in the zoo. The children are enjoying themselves by making shouts. Their parents are explaining about different animals. There is a big elephant. It is carrying the children on its back. Lions, tigers, peacocks, monkeys, chimpanji's are kept in different cages. There is a crocodile in the pond. A rhino, a hippo, the deer and zebras are also there in the zoo. It is lovely to watch all these animals at a time.

PART - B

- II. i)** 1) Florence Nightingale was a person who started modern nursing.
2) She completely changed the way hospitals were run and improved health services.
- ii)** a) 'She' is Florence Nightingale.
b) As a child she had nursed the villagers and sick animals around her home.
c) At that time only those women who wanted to avoid being sent to prison became nurses. So, her parents didn't want her to become a nurse.
- III.** a) The 'king' is the sun god.
b) The princess told the king to come to her.
c) In the afternoon the chariot travelled west.
d) The sun went into the sea in the evening.
e) The princess changed into a sunflower.
- IV.a)** 1) The elephant is grey in colour.
2) Yes, the elephant walks much. The poem says it walks for miles each day.
3) The elephant's trunk is long.
4) The elephant's trunk comes out for a cake or a bun.
5) The elephant's trunk is funny because it moves this way and that.
- b)** His ears are big and look like fans
His eyes are small
and his tail is short
Though he is very big
He can run
for miles each day
You can climb on him
and ride on his broad back.

- V. 1) I help my parents with their work, sir; so I come late to school, sir.
2) Believe my words, sir.
3) O.K., sir.
4) I will bring my father to school tomorrow sir.
5) Come in.
6) Thank you sir.
- VI. 1) the name of the theatre is Sundaram Theatre.
2) The film on show is 'Spiderman'.
3) The theatre was built in 2010.
4) Regularly there are three shows.
5) There are four shows on Sundays.

VII. The world is mainly divided into two parts. The first one is the land part and the second one is water part. We find the land in 1/3 of the world and the water in 3/4 of the world. The land is found in the form of seven continents named Asia, Africa, Europe, North America, South America, Antarctica and Australia. The water part is found in the form of five oceans named the Pacific ocean, the Indian ocean, the Arctic ocean, the Antarctic ocean and the Atlantic ocean.

VIII. 5 - 49,
Madhunagar,
Zaheerabad,
5 May, 2005.

Dear Roja,

Hello ! How are you ? I am studying well and hope you are also studying well. You know, my elder brother, Phani Kumar's marriage will be celebrated on the 28th of this month here at our house. I request you to attend the marriage without fail. Bring your parents also while coming.

No more to pen. Reply soon.
Your loving friend,
Veena.

Address :

M. Roja,
D/o. M. Satyanarayana Rao,
7 - 1 - 141, Abbayipalem,
Rajahmundry.

- XI. i. 1) b 2) d 3) a 4) e 5) c
ii. 1) c 2) e 3) a 4) d 5) b
iii. 1) c 2) d 3) e 4) a 5) b
iv. 1) c 2) d 3) a 4) e 5) b
v. 1) d 2) a 3) e 4) b 5) c
- X. a) I met you last sunday.
b) She came yesterday.
c) I have been living in this town since 2000.
d) She likes coffee.
- XI. a) Florence Nightingale started modern nursing.
b) Have you ever thought about nurses and their work ?
c) She was born in Florence, Italy in 1820.
- XII. 1) forget 2) modern 3) agreed 4) dirty 5) hated
- XIII. 1) **People :** nurse, soldier, inspector, parent
Places : hospital, home, shop, station
2) **Persons :** doctor, soldier, teacher, nurse
Related activities : treating, guarding, teaching, nursing
- XIV. 1) nail nature nostril nurse
2) laugh leave length love
3) palm parent power prison

- 4) chain chair chance change
5) shape shop story strong
- XV. 1) g o o s e 2) s o l d i e r 3) b r o u g h t 4) c l e a n
5) c o n t i n u e
- XVI. 1) al 2) ern 3) cine 4) and 5) ces
- XVII. 1) Could you please give me a Parker pen ?
2) Could you please permit me to sit here ?
3) I shall be thankful if you could give me your pen.
4) I wonder if you could change this torn shirt.
5) Could you please give me a toothbrush.
- XVIII. 1) d 2) d 3) a 4) c 5) a
- XIX. 1) d 2) c 3) a 4) a 5) b

4. PARROTS

Comprehension Passages

- I. 1) A parrot can 'talk' like a man.
2) It is one of the reasons why a parrot is able to talk.
3) Because the sounds of men are just like the sounds of the parrots.
- II. 1) Some sailors take parrots along with them.
2) We usually find parrots in hot countries.
3) If a parrot is in trouble, all the other parrots come to its rescue.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a) 1) 'NDMA' stands for the National Disaster Management Authority.
2) Our Prime Minister, Mr. Manmohan Singh will preside over a special meeting of 'NDMA'.
3) The special meeting will be conducted to review the country's disaster preparedness.
4) The officials of the NDMA, the AERB, the DAE and other concerned agencies will attend the meeting.
5) The disasters in the passage were nuclear disaster, earthquakes and tsunami.
6) According to official sources, the NDMA will present a nationwide exercise calendar to prepare, at various levels, for major disasters such as radiation leaks, earthquakes or terrorist attacks.
7) 'AERB' stands for the Atomic Energy Regulation Board.
8) In the first phase, an exercise along the lines of the FEMA's National Exercise Programme has been planned.
9) It will cover the states of Delhi, Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh, Punjab, Haryana and Uttarakhand.
10) 'FEMA' stands for the Federal Emergency Management Agency's.
- b) i) Camel is a big animal with long legs and neck. It has a peculiar shape. It has a hump on its back and it store a lot of food and water in its hump for future use. In India it is predominant in Rajasthan. It is often said to be "The ship of desert".
ii) In this picture we see the uses of water. Without water we can't live for many days. Human beings and animals drink water to survive. Plants also need water to survive. We use water to bathe, to wash our clothes, to cook the food, to clean etc., without water we can't get the harvest. So, water is useful to mankind in many ways.

PART - B

- II. i)** a) Large and thick tongue helps the parrots to talk. (According to some people).
b) Hawks and eagles.
- ii)** a) They can live in any kind of weather or place.
b) Sailors take parrots along when they go to sea.
c) In hot countries.
- III.** 1) The princes are Pandavas.
2) Drona is the teacher of Pandavas and Kauravas.
3) Drona made him the greatest archer in the world.
4) The other person is Ekalavya.
5) Arjuna is worried.
- IV.** 1) By which train do you want to travel ?
2) This evening, sir.
3) If it is so, please reserve me a berth for tomorrow.
4) Here it is, sir.
5) Thank you, sir.
- V.** 1) The name of the theatre is 'Sambhavi'.
2) The name of the film is 'Enter the Dragon.'
3) It was released on 20th September.
4) There are four shows on Sundays.
5) The noon show begins at 11 am on Sunday.
- VI.** The land on the Earth consists of mountains, plateaus and plains. These land forms were formed due to climatic changes. These land forms are of mainly three types. They are : 1) mountains, 2) plateaus and 3) plains. The mountains have a slope they are above the sea - level. The plateaus are with some unevenness but relatively level surface with a steep slope. The plains have level surface. The Himalayas are mountains, the Deccan plateau is an example for plateaus and the Ganges plain is an example for plains.
- VII.**

5 - 99,
Madhunagar,
Zaheerabad,
21 May, 2011.

Dear father,

I am okay here and hope the same with you all there. I am studying well and I am sure I will get distinction in the common examination.

My classmates have planned an excursion trip to Bangalore. Mysore and Sravana Belagola. Some of our teachers are also accompanying us. I also want to join the party. So, I want Rs. 500 towards my expenses during the journey. Please send me the said amount by M.O. as early as possible. I will write to you again on my return from the 7 - day trip.

Convey my regards to mummy and best wishes to brothers and sisters.

Yours lovingly,
R. Venugopal.

Address :
Mr. R.V.S.S.N. Murthy,
9 - 10 - 83,
Ramalayam Road,
Khammam - 507 001.

- VIII. i)** 1) e 2) d 3) a 4) c 5) b
ii) 1) d 2) e 3) a 4) b 5) c
iii) 1) c 2) d 3) a 4) e 5) b
iv) 1) d 2) a 3) e 4) b 5) c
v) 1) c 2) e 3) a 4) d 5) b

- IX.** a) Look, he is coming.
b) They play cricket daily.
c) She completed her degree last year.
d) The sun rises in the East.
- X.** a) Have you heard a parrot talk ?
b) Parrots are very brave birds.
c) This doesn't seem to be the reason either.
- XI.** 1) displeased 2) misunderstand 3) success
4) difficult 5) thin
- XII. 1) People :** sailor, person, doctor, writer
Birds : parrot, myna, eagle, hawk
2) Persons : angel, companion, dentist, warrior
Places : theatre, dining room, kingdom, ditch
- XIII.** 1) parakeet parrot peacock python
2) teeth tongue tower tumour
3) valley vamp veteran voice
4) manager member metre myna
5) campaign century counter country
- XIV.** 1) e a g l e 2) s a i l o r s 3) q u i t e 4) t o n g u e
5) p e o p l e
- XV.** 1) ple 2) i eve 3) phone 4) key 5) er
- XVI.** 1) Could you please return my book ?
2) Could you mind lending me your camera ?
3) I shall be thankful if you could give me a ticket to Guntur.
4) Could you please tell me when the train will reach Chennai ?
5) Could you please grant me leave for tomorrow, sir ?
- XVII.** 1) b 2) a 3) a 4) c 5) b
- XVIII.** 1) c 2) d 3) c 4) c 5) a

5. CARRIED AWAY BY AN EAGLE**Comprehension Passages**

- I.** 1) The big bird is an eagle.
2) The bird built its nest on the side of a mountain.
3) The bird left the child on a flat rock near the nest.
- II.** 1) A four year old child, named Svenhild Hansen.
2) In June - 1932, the place was farmhouse near Trondheim in Norway.
3) The Eagle caught hold only the child's dress in its claws, so the child was not hurt.
- III.** 1) The child's mother, father and a large party of men came out to look for the child.
2) The child was a four year girl, daughter of a farmer.
3) The men saw the eagle flying round and round a rock.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION**PART - A**

- I. a)** 1) One night the old man stopped at a small hotel in a village.
2) He ate his dinner, went upstairs to his room and went to sleep.
3) He was sleeping when the manager came to him.
4) The manager woke him up and requested him to come downstairs as he was in need of his help.
5) Five men had come to their hotel the previous night and one of them reported that his money was missed.
6) The manager wanted a cock.
7) No one had left the room.

- 8) The men were wondering what the old man was going to do with the cock.
 9) The pot was kept over the fire in the kitchen.
 10) 'Faith'.
- b) i)** Cow is a domestic animal. It has many uses for the man, besides being the most sacred animal for the Hindus. It is found in all parts of India. It has four legs, two ears, two horns and a long tail. It gives us milk. From this milk we get curd, butter, ghee etc.
- ii)** It is the picture of a village. We see the greenery everywhere. We see the green fields in the picture. A woman is bringing the bundle of grass. A goat is following her. Another woman is sweeping. A man is carrying water. We see the cows in the picture. Birds are flying. Some others are planting saplings.

PART - B

- II. i) a)** Svenhild was playing in the yard in front of the farm house. A large eagle carried her away.
b) Only Svenhild's dress was held in its claws. So the child was not hurt.
- ii) a)** They are Svenhild's mother and father and a large party of men.
b) They saw that little Svenhild was sleeping.
c) It usually kills the animal it catches.
- III. a)** David lived in Israel.
b) David spent his time looking after his father's sheep.
c) He learnt to shoot stones with his sling and play on his harp.
d) King Saul was ruling Israel at that time.
e) David cured king Saul with his music.
- IV. a) 1)** Yes, he went for a picnic again.
2) He went for a picnic up the very same place as before.
3) Yes, he might have seen tigers.
4) Then the trees and the rocks were so little
5) The tigers grew in size. So, they couldn't hide tigers any more.
- b)** When I was seven
 We went for a picnic
 There I saw a tiger
 It was growling
 There I saw a lion
 It was roaring
 There I saw an elephant
 It was trumpeting
 All the animals were dancing.
- V. 1)** Who will accompany you ?
2) How much money do you want ?
3) We shall start on 20th of this month.
4) O.K., Take this amount.
5) Thank you, dad.
- VI. 1)** The name of the theatre is 'Srinivasa'.
2) The name of the film on show is "Lord of Rings".
3) The film was released on 10th January.
4) Daily there are three shows.
5) The noon show starts at 12 noon on Saturdays and Sundays.
- VII. Asia is the biggest continent in the world. The minerals of Asia are classified into three categories. They are :**
1) Metallic minerals, **2)** Non - metallic minerals and
3) Fuel minerals. Iron, Manganese, Bauxite, Lead, Zinc, Chromite, Gold, Silver, Limestone, Gypsum and Dolomite

are the most important metallic minerals of Asia. Mica, Asbestos, Pearls, Graphite and Salt are the most important non - metallic minerals. Coal, Lignite, Crude oil and Natural gases are the most important fuel minerals.

VIII.

7 - 3 - 329,
 Ricob Bazar,
 Khammam,
 25th May, 2011.

Dear Madhavi,

Hai naughty ! How are you ? I know you are very angry with me for not writing a reply to your earlier letter. I am sorry for not writing the reply even though I have a good reason for doing so.

I think, you remember my birthday. Yes, it is on the 2nd June. My parents want to celebrate my birthday on a grand scale. They told me to invite you and our other friends for the party. So, I invite you to attend my birthday function without fail. I will be waiting for your arrival and will not celebrate if your don't come.

Yours lovingly,
 M. Padma.

Address :

K. Madhavi,
 D/o. K. Krishnaiah,
 Nehrunagar,
 Kodad.

- XI. i) 1) d 2) a 3) c 4) e 5) b**
ii) 1) c 2) d 3) a 4) e 5) b
iii) 1) d 2) e 3) b 4) a 5) c
iv) 1) c 2) d 3) a 4) b 5) e
v) 1) c 2) e 3) d 4) a 5) b
- X. a)** Last Saturday we went to church.
b) Tomorrow, he will come.
c) Look, he is playing.
d) Vasavi collects stamps.
- XI. 1)** Do such things really happen ?
2) It was flying towards its nest.
3) Why didn't the eagle kill the child ?
- XII. 1)** Seldom **2)** unreal or artificial **3)** put down
4) slowly **5)** unlucky
- XIII. 1) People :** mother, photographer, child, father
Places : farmhouse, village, nest, mountain
2) People : pupil, farmer, queen, runner
Things : newspaper, frock, stone, car
- XIV. 1)** beak, beard, bird, bowl
2) partner, pawn, people, place
3) eagle, emit, event, ever
4) claim, claws, client, clown
5) lame, lazy, lovely, lucky
- XV. 1) n a u g h t y 2) c a r r i e d 3) m o u n t a i n**
4) u s u a l l y 5) r e a c h
- XVI. 1) ily 2) cept 3) ture 4) ce 5) metre**
- XVII. 1) Could you please tell me when you will complete the syllabus ?**
2) Could you please permit me to use your pen ?
3) Could you please give me a kilo of sugar ?
4) Could you please cancel this ticket ?
5) Could you mind giving me change for hundred rupees ?
- XVIII. 1) b 2) d 3) b 4) b 5) d**
- XIX. 1) c 2) b 3) c or a 4) b 5) d**

6. WHAT CLOTHES SAY

Comprehension Passages

- I.** 1) People wear special clothes because they do many kinds of work.
2) A cricket player wears clothes which are light and easy to move in.
3) Swimmers wear swimsuits.
- II.** 1) The set of clothes which look the same is a uniform.
2) Policemen and nurses.
3) We can identify an air-hostess by her uniform.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a)** 1) The institution mentioned in the passage is the School of Planning and Architecture, Vijayawada.
2) The management has decided to start a permanent campus for offering the under - graduate courses.
3) 'SPAV' stands for the School of Planning and Architecture.
4) The director of 'SPAV' is Dr. Shovan K. Saha.
5) They wanted to conduct a national - level architecture competition and top class experts were invited.
6) 103 applicants have registered for the competition.
7) The officials said that 60 to 100 acres would be needed to develop 'SPAV' into a world class institute.
8) D. Purandhareswari is the Union Minister of state for Human Resources Development.
9) She said that they were ready to start development works for the 'SPAV' as and when the state Government handed over the required land.
10) A four - member all India jury would select the best concepts in the competition.
- b) i)** We see white tigers in this picture. The white tiger is the rarest wild animal. It is a wonderful animal. It has snow - white coat with brown or grey stripes. It is larger than a normal tiger. At present there are about fifty white tigers of which half are in India.
- ii)** We can see the beautiful scenery in this picture. A beautiful rainbow is there. The sun is shining and at the same time there are clouds in the sky. A stream is running through. There is a bridge across the stream. Two boats are sailing on the stream. We see the green trees on both the banks of the stream.

PART - B

- II. i) a)** Clothes are important because they can tell people many things about us.
b) They can show people what work we do. They can make us look beautiful or ugly.
- ii)** a) People wear swimsuits for swimming.
b) They wear helmets.
c) It is not easy to see green or brown colours in open.
- III.** a) New year's eve.
b) Her head was bare and she had no shoes on her feet.
c) No.
d) She feared that her father would beat her for not selling any matches.
e) Their house had only the roof.
- IV.** 1) Yes, come in.
2) Which area are you resident of ?

- 3) There are piles of garbage everywhere sir and there are so many ditches in the middle of the road.
4) O.K., I will take the necessary action in this regard.
5) Write a complaint letter against the sweepers of your area.
- V.** 1) The theatre 'Om' was established in 2006.
2) The picture running in the theatre is 'Bharathyudu'.
3) The first show begins at 2 pm.
4) There are four shows shown on Sunday.
5) The noon show begins at 11:30 am on Sunday.
- VI.** The female butterfly lays eggs. The egg of butterfly develops into a larva called caterpillar. The caterpillar constructs a cocoon around it. This stage is called pupa. After sometime the pupa comes out of the cocoon. Then we see the fully grown colourful butterfly.

VII.

5 - 99,

Madhunagar,
Zaheerabad,

20th August, 2011.

Dear Mohan,

Hope all is well with you there. I have just received your letter and noted the contents. Here in this letter I am describing the Independence Day celebrations in our school.

That day, we gathered at the school grounds by 7.30 a.m. Our Physical Education teacher took us round the streets for Prabhat Bheri. Then we assembled at the meeting ground where our principal unfurled the national flag and addressed us. Some of the students, including me, spoke on the importance of occasion. Later, our teachers gave speeches. After the meeting, sweets were distributed to the children.

In the evening a parent's meet was conducted where our District Educational Officer was the Chief Guest. Prizes were distributed to the winners in sports and games conducted on the occasion. The day ended with colourful cultural activities.

Reply soon.

Your loving friend,
Venkateswar Rao.

Address :

K. Mohan,
C/o. K. Lakshmi Narayana,
9-10-83,
Ramalayam Road,
Khammam - 507 001.

VIII. i) 1) e 2) c 3) d 4) a 5) b

ii) 1) e 2) d 3) a 4) c 5) b

iii) 1) d 2) e 3) a 4) b 5) c

iv) 1) d 2) e 3) b 4) a 5) c

v) 1) e 2) d 3) e 4) a 5) b

IX. a) She will complete her course in 2014.

b) She doesn't like sweets.

c) They like chapathis.

d) We will go to Delhi next Sunday.

X. 1) For many kinds of work, people wear special clothes.

2) Why are soldier's clothes usually green or brown in colour.

3) Clothes, in fact, tell other people what to think of us.

XI. 1) ugly 2) ordinary 3) unsafe 4) important

5) different

- XII. 1) People :** airhostess, queen, soldier, king
Things : uniform, dress, helmet, crown
2) Persons : cyclist, footballer, player, cricketer
Places : parliament, ground, country, mine
- XIII. 1)** ugly, umbrella, uncle, uniform
 2) examination, example, excellent, extra
 3) head, helmet, house, hump
 4) granary, green, greeting, ground
 5) discount, distance, dump, duster
- XIV. 1) b e a u t i f u l, 2) s p e c i a l, 3) d a n g e r o u s, 4) c r e e p e r, 5) s w i m s u i t s**
- XV. 1) son 2) ful 3) ance 4) form 5) nary**
- XVI. 1) Could you please type this letter ?
 2) You should consult a physician for your joint pains.
 3) Could you please stop the bus at the crossroads ?
 4) Could you please take the attendance ?
 5) Could you mind changing this broken scale at once ?**
- XVII. 1) c 2) d 3) c 4) a 5) b**
- XIX. 1) d or c 2) d 3) b 4) a 5) b**

7. THE TEST

Comprehension Passages

- I. 1)** The Pandavas and the Kauravas were the pupils of Drona.
 2) One day he wanted to test their power of concentration.
 3) The target was a bird sitting on the branch of a tree.
- II. 1)** Duryodhana was the second prince that was called to shoot the target.
 2) No, he was not successful.
 3) Drona was sad because his pupils could not come up to his expectations.
- III. 1)** Drona ordered Yudhishtira to go on telling him what else he saw.
 2) Yudhishtira was asked to shoot down the head of the bird.
 3) Yudhishtira answered that he saw the bird, the tree, the sky, his teacher and his brothers.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a) 1)** The young man was lazy and foolish. He was too lazy to be a farmer.
 2) He really liked to climb coconut trees.
 3) The owner of the coconut plantation stopped him.
 4) The owner wished him and asked him if he wanted to earn some money by climbing for coconuts.
 5) The lazy man replied that he would love to climb for coconuts and asked the owner what he would give him if he helped him.
 6) The owner promised him to give him two nuts from each tree he climbed.
 7) There are twenty - five trees.
 8) The young man wanted to sell the nuts he would get and get enough money to buy twice as many cheap nuts.
 9) He wanted to boil the hundred cheap nuts, take out the oil, sell it and make a lot of money.
 10) 'Top'.
- b) i)** Lions are part of the cat family. They are usually found in places where there is tall grass. They generally hunt at night. Usually, a female lion gives birth to three or four

cubs at a time. Younger lions can go up trees, but the older ones can't. Lions generally live for fifteen to twenty years.

- ii)** This is the picture of lord Vinayaka. The devotees worship the god on the occasion of Ganesh Chaturthi. It comes on Bhadrapada Suddha Chavithi. The devotees worship the god with all kinds of leaves. They decorate their houses. The devotees make the idols of lord Vinayaka and as soon as the celebrations are over, they make the idols dip in water.

PART - B

- II. i) a)** Drona wanted to test his pupil's power of concentration.
 b) Drona pointed out a bird on the branch of a tree as the target.
- ii) a)** Drona's question was, "What do you see ?"
 Arjuna's answer was "I see only the bird."
 b) The correct answer.
 c) Aruna's answer is, "only the head !"
- III. a)** 'Gandhiji'.
 b) He asked Gandhiji to sit on a box next to the driver.
 c) He slapped Gandhiji on the face.
 d) Johannesburg.
 e) Because Gandhiji was an Indian.
- IV. a) 1)** Beetles and creatures like that can walk upside down. This is the funny thing.
 2) No, he can't walk upside down.
 3) The creatures can crawl on a ceiling and climb on a wall.
 4) No, they can't face any trouble.
 5) The poet has been trying for standing with his head on the floor for a year.
- b)** It's funny how beetles
 And creatures like that
 Can walk upside down
 It's wonderful how birds
 Can fly in the air
 It's marvellous how animals
 Can swim across the ponds
 Who taught them
 All these creatures to do
 All those miraculous things.
- V. 1)** I want to join my son in your school, sir.
 2) He studied in Viswam Public School, Vijayawada, sir.
 3) Which class did he study last year ?
 4) How many marks did he acquire ?
 5) Take this application form and fill it with the details of your son.
- VI. 1)** The name of the theatre is 'Surya'.
 2) The picture running in the theatre is 'The Cobra'.
 3) The film was released on 2nd March.
 4) There are four shows regularly.
 5) The last show starts at 10 PM.
- VII.** There are three kinds of bears : the brown bear, the black bear and the polar bear. The brown bears are found in North America, Europe and Asia. The black bears are found in the parts of America and in Asia. The polar bears are found in Arctic regions only. The brown bears are very big. An Alaskan bear weighs nearly 700 kgs. The black bears are rather small. A Malaysian bear weighs only 45 kgs. The polar bears are big when we compare them

with black ones. Sometimes the polar bears weighs about 450 kgs.

VIII.

7 - 3 - 329,

Ricob Bazar,

Khammam,

5th March, 2011.

Dear Chintu,

How are you ? How are your studies ? Recently I have received a letter from our daddy in which he wrote you were not studying well and were watching T.V. too much.

My dear brother, your examinations are approaching. You have to concentrate more on your studies as you are weak in some subjects especially Maths and English. Instead of working hard at studies, you are wasting time, watching T.V. too much. I advise you to study well and get good marks in the coming examinations as everyone of us feel very happy.

No more to pen. Reply soon.

Yours lovingly,

R. Venugopal.

Address :

R.L. Narayana,

S/o. R.V.S.S.N. Murthy,

9-10-83, M.G. Road,

Kothagudem.

IX. i) 1) d 2) e 3) b 4) a 5) c

ii) 1) c 2) d 3) e 4) a 5) b

iii) 1) e 2) c 3) d 4) a 5) b

iv) 1) d 2) e 3) a 4) c 5) b

v) 1) d 2) e 3) a 4) b 5) c

X. a) They go to hospital.

b) I have drunk a cup of milk just now.

c) I wash my clothes regularly.

d) He is fluent in English.

XI. 1) "I see only the bird," Arjuna answered.

2) Then Drona said to him, "You still have much to learn."

3) After Yudhishtira came Duryodhana.

XII. 1) dispersed 2) ups 3) unhappiness 4) front 5) upper

XIII. 1) **Persons :** teacher, archer, wrestler, students

Profession : teaching, archery, wrestling, studying

2) **Persons :** prince, archer, teacher, pupil

Things : tree, bow, arrow, branch

XIV. 1) gate, goat, good, gown

2) member, mineral, minute, moment

3) branch, breast, broker, brother

4) archer, army, arrow, artist

5) quail, queen, question, quick

XV. 1) t e a c h e r 2) r e p l i e d 3) f l o o r 4) s w e e t

5) n e i g h b o u r

XVI. 1) ent 2) ery 3) tion 4) ion 5) et

XVII. 1) I shall be thankful if you could bring me a stamp and an envelope.

2) Could you please permit me to use your mirror ?

3) Could I have a cup of tea ?

4) Could you please grant me leave for tomorrow ?

5) Could you mind correcting my answer sheet again ?

XVIII. 1) a 2) a 3) a 4) a 5) a

XIX. 1) c 2) b 3) d 4) b (or) a 5) c

8. THE MIGHTY BANYAN

Comprehension Passages

- I. 1) The special roots of a banyan are called aerial roots.
2) They grow down from the branches.
3) The new branches grow twisting and trailing.
- II. 1) The aerial roots of the banyan tree are compared to pillars supporting a great palace.
2) A banyan tree needs a large space.
3) The garden and busy road side will not do for banyan trees.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a) 1) One evening, Ali was coming from a cricket match.
2) It was getting dark and there was no moon in the sky.
3) He decided to take the shortest way home because he was in a hurry to get home.
4) His uncle's factory was there on his way.
5) When he was passing by the factory gate, he saw a lorry outside the factory and the gate was open.
6) He got off his bicycle and hid it behind a big tree.
7) He saw four men carrying boxes into the lorry.
8) One of them said in a low voice that those watches would give all of them a lot of money for the coming new year.
9) He was afraid when he knew that the men he saw at the factory were thieves.
10) He ran to the lorry and let out the air from all the tyres.
- b) i) This is the picture of a Kangaroo. Kangaroos are marsupials. This means that baby Kangaroos are carried by the mother in a pocket of skin, which is on the lower half of her body. There are many kinds of Kangaroos, and they are all different in size. A Kangaroo has very large hind legs upon which it stands. It eats mainly vegetables.
- ii) We see the Butterflies in this picture. Of all flying creatures, butterflies are perhaps the most beautiful. They have brightly coloured wings. Butterflies are usually found near flowers. They drink nectar from flowers. They have long tongues to drink nectar.

PART - B

- II. i) a) These trees like to have plenty of space but in our over crowded cities we don't see many.
b) It occupies as large an area as a three - storied apartment building.
- ii) a) The banyan tree's branches drop to the ground, take root again and send out more twisting, trailing branches. They are aerial roots.
b) A forest glade.
c) 'The matted hair of Shiva.'
- III. a) The British took over of Jhansi. The soldiers of Jhansi killed the British Officers and made Lakshmi Bai their queen.
b) Lakshmi Bai.
c) The cousin of Lakshmi Bai and the Rana of Orcha.
d) The Rani ruled her kingdom wisely.
e) The British government sent an army and the war broke out. So she couldn't rule her kingdom for long.
- IV. 1) Our area's ration shop dealer is not regular to his duties, sir.

- 2) I am the resident of Buchchaiah Nagar, sir.
 3) What is the number of the ration shop ?
 4) Can you write a complaint letter against him ?
 5) Yes, sir.

- V. 1) Krishna Mahal was built in 2000.
 2) The theatre has A/C facility and 'DTS' sound system.
 3) The picture running in the theatre is 'Karna'.
 4) There are four shows on Sundays.
 5) The noon show on Sunday starts at 11.00 A.M.

- VI. The nervous system is divided into 3 parts. They are :
 1. Central Nervous System, 2. Peripheral Nervous System and 3. Autonomic Nervous System. The Central nervous system consists of the brain and the spinal cord. The brain has 3 major parts. They are : 1. Cerebrum, 2. Cerebellum and 3. Medulla oblongata. The cerebrum is the largest part of the brain. The cerebellum is small and the medulla - oblongata is the smallest part.

- VII. 7 - 3 - 329,
 Ricob Bazar,
 Khammam,
 31st March, 2011.

To
 The Sub-Inspector of Police,
 I Town,
 Khammam.
 Sir,

I am studying 8th class in a private school in the town. My name is V. Sreehari.

Last night I went to the Sabari Super Bazar to buy some books. I parked my bicycle in front of the shop. There was a heavy rush in the shop. So it took me half-an-hour to complete my purchase. When I came out, I was shocked to see my bicycle missing. I looked around but I could not find it anywhere. It was a Hero Ranger, black in colour, with a basket in front, hung to the handle. My name is engraved on the handle bar.

I request you to pursue the matter and catch the bicycle thieves and restore my bicycle to me.

Thanking you sir,

Yours faithfully,
 V. Sreehari.

- VIII. i) 1. d 2. a 3. e 4. c 5. b
 ii) 1. d 2. e 3. a 4. c 5. b
 iii) 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. e 5. b
 iv) 1. d 2. e 3. b 4. a 5. c
 v) 1. e 2. d 3. e 4. b 5. a

- IX. 1) Tomorrow, my father will come.
 2) I left for Hyderabad yesterday.
 3) I am playing cricket now.
 4) He doesn't play chess.

- X. a) The banyan has what are called 'aerial roots.'
 b) The banyan is probably the biggest and friendliest of all over trees.
 c) It is always cool, dark and shady beneath the banyan.

- XI. 1) short 2) abnormal 3) envious 4) unnatural
 5) unhospitable

- XII. 1) **People** : mother, grandfather, person, tenant
Places : apartment, house, building, bedroom
 2) **Persons** : film star, friend, visitor, crowd
Places : hotel, palace, garden, hospital

- XIII. 1) banyan, broad, brown, bungalow
 2) general, genetic, gentle, ginger
 3) aerial, aeroplane, airhostess, air travel
 4) temperature, temporary, tenant, town
 5) leaf, lock, love, luck

- XIV. 1) creature 2) position 3) moon 4) boarding
 5) indoors

- XV. 1) tle 2) ent 3) lar 4) ace 5) table

- XVI. 1) Could you please allow me to eat ice-cream, mum ?
 2) I wonder if you could lend me your pen ?
 3) I shall be thankful if you could give me a cup of tea.
 4) Could you mind giving me your fountain pen ?
 5) Could you please tell me where the post office is ?

- XVII. 1) b 2) a 3) c 4) a 5) c

- XVIII. 1) c 2) c 3) b 4) c 5) a

9. THE OLYMPIC CHAMPION AND THE DUCKS

Comprehension Passages

- I. 1) The Greeks started the Olympic Games.
 2) The Olympic Games of 1928 were held in Amsterdam.
 3) Bobby Pearce won a gold medal for a rowing race.
- II. 1) Bobby saw a duck and her brood of ducklings swimming across the canal.
 2) The people on the shore shouted at Bobby.
 3) Yes, there was the danger of the Bobby's boat running into the brood.
- III. 1) Bobby Pearce was the son of great sculling champion in Australia.
 2) He was five when he started rowing in the sea.
 3) Sculling is one man rowing in the sea with two oars.
- IV. 1) Bobby saw some ducklings in his way, so he slowed down his boat.
 2) The people thought that Bobby would lose by slowing down.
 3) Bobby waited till the ducklings passed out of his way.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a) 1) The farmer and his wife lived in a village.
 2) They loved their baby a great deal.
 3) One day, the farmer caught a baby mongoose in his field.
 4) He took the mongoose home carefully wrapped in his turban.
 5) He told his wife that the little chap (baby mongoose) would be a friend to their son and they would grow up together.
 6) The mongoose grew much faster.
 7) The mongoose was a lovable animal. It had big black eyes and a bushy tail.
 8) The mongoose loved the baby.
 9) The farmer wife didn't like the mongoose.
 10) 'Wrapped.'
- b) i) We see spiders in this picture. Spiders are found in almost every part of the world. They run on the ground, dig holes, climb plants, run on water and even live in it. Spiders come in many colours. They differ in size from three inches to those which can hardly be seen. Their food is mainly insects.

- ii) It is the picture of Taj Mahal. It is perhaps the most beautiful building in India. The emperor Shah Jahan built it in the memory of his beloved dead wife Mumtaz Mahal. 'Taj Mahal' means pride of the palace. Shah Jahan gathered the best artists and architects from India, Turkey, Persia and Arabia to design this. The building materials came from various countries including Arabia, Egypt, Tibet and many parts of India.

PART - B

- II. i) a) One man rowing with two oars, one in each hand.
b) In Amsterdam.
- ii) a) A duck and her brood of ducklings came into the course of his boat. So he slowed down his boat.
b) He seems that he might win the competition.
c) Bobby Pearce.
- III. a) The little girl ran to the sheepfold to save herself from the pumpkin.
b) It began swallowing the sheep.
c) It said to the girl, "Meat I must eat, Furaira, meat I must eat."
d) To the cattle shed.
e) At Furaira's home.
- IV. a) 1) People who live on the right are very quiet and make no fuss.
2) The neighbours on the left are marvellous.
3) The people on the right make the poet curious.
4) The poet likes the neighbours on the left.
5) They laugh and sing.
b) If the teachers didn't teach and the preachers didn't preach
If the sun gave us moonlight and the moon gave us sunlight
If the sun rose in the night and the stars shone in the day
If the trees grew in the sky and the clouds came down to the earth
If the students became teachers and teachers became students
- V. 1) Yes, you may. What is your problem ?
2) Where did you keep your bicycle ?
3) At which time did you keep your cycle ?
4) It is of 'Hero' company sir. Its number is 2010223. It has a brass bell. It is green in colour, sir.
5) Please restore my bicycle as early as possible.
- VI. 1) The name of the theatre is 'Murthy Mahal'.
2) The film on show is 'The Crocodile'.
3) The first show begins at 2 P.M.
4) Four shows are shown on Sunday.
5) The noon show on Sunday begins at 11.30 A.M.
- VII. There are three kinds of lobsters : the American lobster, the European lobster and the African lobster. The American lobsters are found on the western shores of the Atlantic Ocean while the European lobsters are found on the eastern shores. The African lobsters live off the southern coast of Africa. The American lobster is bigger than the European one while the African lobster is the smallest.

VIII. 7 - 3 - 329,
Srinagar Colony,
15th June, 2005.

To
The Commissioner,
Municipal Corporation,
Hyderabad.

Sir,

I am a resident of Srinagar colony in the city. I want to bring to your notice the bad condition of the roads in our colony.

Only last year, new roads were laid throughout our colony. But within few months they began to show cracks. Because of the collusion of contractors and authorities some duplicate material was used. Many pits were formed due to the running of heavy vehicles. When there are rains, roads are washed out resulting in water-logging at several places. It is very difficult for the people to walk or drive their vehicles on such roads.

Hence, I request you to take the matter seriously and make arrangements for laying the roads again.

Yours faithfully,
N. Murthy.

- IX. i) 1. d 2. c 3. e 4. b 5. a
ii) 1. c 2. e 3. d 4. b 5. a
iii) 1. e 2. d 3. a 4. c 5. b
iv) 1. d 2. e 3. a 4. c 5. b
v) 1. e 2. d 3. e 4. b 5. a
- X. 1) My uncle goes to market twice a day.
2) I go to church once a week.
3) She will buy a car tomorrow.
4) In the last test, I got the first rank.
- XI. 1) Bobby Pearce was born in Sidney in Australia.
2) One of the judges asked him, "How old are you, Bobby?"
3) They said, "Bobby is that kind of bloke".
- XII. 1) mountains / plateaus 2) lose 3) later 4) heroine
5) impatiently
- XIII. 1) **Persons** : hero, champion, spectator, judge
Events : race, competition, service, judge
2) **Persons** : patient, bloke, heroine, winner
Events : incident, meeting, conference, race
- XIV. 1) fail, fame, fine, four
2) health, heap, heart, hound
3) race, raft, rank, ring
4) oar, olympic, orange, order
5) medal, member, metre, middle
- XV. 1) champion 2) harbour 3) brood 4) team 5) patient
- XVI. 1) will 2) ion 3) ent 4) our 5) gle
- XVII. 1) Could you please tell me when the next train to Chennai is ?
2) It would be better for you to see a dentist.
3) Could you please tell me where the post office is ?
4) Could you please show me the way to the Income Tax Office ?
5) Could you mind giving me your pen ?
- XVIII. 1) b 2) c 3) b 4) c 5) b
- XIX. 1) a 2) b 3) c 4) b 5) b

10. BIRD MIGRATION

Comprehension Passages

- I. 1) When winter begins, days become colder and colder.
2) The tern is the bird referred to here.
3) It goes to the Antarctic nearly 15,000 kms away.
- II. 1) Ranganathittu is near Mysore in Karnataka.
2) The birds come to Ranganathittu between June and September.
3) A safe place for birds is called "bird sanctuary."

- III.** 1) In autumn and early winter the birds begin to fly away.
2) The birds fly Asia, Europe and North America.
3) It means the movement of birds from one place to another.

RAJIV VIDYA MISSION

PART - A

- I. a)** 1) People think it may have been in South - East Asia.
2) Today, it is grown in most of the warmer parts of the world - in Spain, Israel, parts of the U.S.A. and in India.
3) The Greeks and Romans knew about the orange.
4) The Spanish took the sour orange to the West Indies.
5) The three most important kinds of oranges are the sweet or common orange, the mandarin orange, and the sour orange.
6) Many varieties of the sweet orange are found in the United States.
7) It has a pulp with a deep red colour. So it is called 'the blood orange.'
8) Mandarin oranges are the loose-skinned variety. They are easy to peel and very sweet.
9) Spain produces most of the sour oranges.
10) Mandarin oranges are widely grown in Central India.
- b) i)** This is a picture of a coconut palm. It is a tall, straight and slender tree. It is called a palm tree because its leaves look like a hand. Its fruit are as large as a foot ball. Every single part of this tree is put to use in some way, especially in Kerala and Tamil Nadu.
- ii)** It is the nest of the weaver bird. It is the most wonderful nest. The weaver bird makes a hanging nest using vegetable fibres. These fibres are woven together in a sort of basket - work. This nest looks more or less like a long sock.

PART - B

- II. i)** a) Summer
b) Thirty thousand kilometres.
- ii)** a) Migrating to other places.
b) First the male birds followed by the female birds and then the young ones.
c) Either Northpole or the South pole.
- III.** a) It grew larger.
b) It became a human form.
c) On the top of a huge wall.
d) Humpty Dumpty would fall off.
e) To be called an egg.
- IV.a)** 1) The poet floats his paper boats day by day.
2) He writes his name and the name of the village where he lives on the paper boats.
3) He writes his particulars on the paper boats to show his identity to the outer world.
4) The poet hopes that someone in some strange land will find his boats and knows who he is
5) He loads his boats with shiuli flowers.
- b)** I make all these paper boats
I make them float down the running stream
They are carried to some unknown land
It gives me the joy
For my boats will reach
Some land at sometime.

- V.** 1) I am fine.
2) Are you preparing well for exams ?
3) Which language do you like ?
4) I like mathematics.
5) Which is your favourite subject ?
- VI.** 1) 'Parameshwara Theatre' was established in 2010.
2) The picture running in the theatre is "The Last Emperor."
3) The film was released on 15th June.
4) There are three shows regularly.
5) The noon show on Saturdays and Sundays begins at 11:00 am.

- VII.** Pre - historic period is also known as stone age. The stone age has been sub-divided into three parts - the old stone age, the middle-stone age and the new stone age. The old stone age is also called as 'Palaeolithic' age and the period between 2,50,000 B.C. and 10,000 B.C. comes under this age. The period between 10,000 B.C. and 8,000 B.C. is known as the middle stone age. The period between 10,000 B.C. and 8,000 B.C. is known as the middle stone age. The period between 6,000 B.C. and 1,000 BC is known as the new stone age and it is also known as 'Neolithic' age.

VIII.

7 - 3 - 329,
Ricob Bazar,
Khammam,
7-2-2011.

To
The General Manager,
Vikram Publishers,
P.B. No. 454,
Ramaswamy Street,
Durga Agraharam,
Vijayawada - 2.
Sir,

With reference to your advertisement in yesterday's newspapers, I wish to apply for the job advertised.

I am studying Intermediate. I want to earn some money for my personal expenses during my studies. I have good knowledge of English and Telugu had two years experience as a sales executive for a newspaper agency.

Hence I wish to know the details such as nature of work, timing of work and salary that is offered.

Kindly let me know the above details as early as possible.

Thanking you Sir,

Yours sincerely,
Raghu.

- XI. i)** 1) d 2) c 3) e 4) a 5) b

- ii)** 1) d 2) c 3) a 4) e 5) b

- iii)** 1) c 2) d 3) a 4) e 5) b

- iv)** 1) b 2) d 3) e 4) a 5) c

- v)** 1) c 2) d 3) e 4) a 5) b

- X.** a) I am going to meet him tomorrow.
b) They don't play well.
c) He goes to school regularly.
d) Don't disturb him. He is working with concentration.
- XI.** 1) The Arctic tern has a forked tail, a red beak and a black cap.
2) Migrating birds fly long distances.
3) How do they return year after year to the same place?

- XII.** 1) small 2) dull 3) ending 4) short 5) cold
- XIII.1) People :** scientist, bird-watcher, guide, neighbour
Events : journey, travel, movement, voyage
- 2) Directions :** east, west, north, south
Corners : south-west, north-east, north-west, south-east
- XIV.** 1) beaker, bird, bit, bottle
 2) peace, piece, place, plays
 3) shuttle, singer, suit, summer
 4) chain, champ, cheer, chick
 5) walker, warmer, water, winter
- XV.** 1) s a n c t u a r y 2) s e a r c h 3) j o u r n e y
 4) c h a m p i o n 5) s a u c e r
- XVI.** 1) tion 2) te 3) ment 4) or 5) ance
- XVII.** 1) Could you please ring the bell ?
 2) Could you please switch off the lights ?
 3) Could you please permit me to go out ?
 4) You should take care of your belongings.
 5) Please, leave me alone.
- XVIII.** 1) a 2) a 3) b 4) d 5) b
- XIX.** 1) b 2) b 3) d 4) b 5) d

SUPPLEMENTARY READER

COMPREHENSION PASSAGES

1. ANIMALS IN THE TRAIN

- I.** 1) A boy, his grandfather and grandmother.
 2) From Dehra Dun to Lucknow.
 3) A teenaged tiger.
 4) Pet of the boy.
 5) On a berth.
- II.** 1) A pet squirrel of the boy.
 2) Yes, he tried.
 3) Roasted peanuts.
 4) Children and grown-ups.
 5) The squirrel's stomach was full. It was full of peanuts.
- III.** 1) What was the grandfather's staring at ?
 2) How does a python eat the food ?
 3) What did the python eat away ?
 4) How did they know what the python had eaten ?
 5) Did they have a dinner in the train ? How do you know ?
- IV.** 1) At the python.
 2) Swallows its food.
 3) A chicken and boiled eggs.
 4) They saw the clear shapes of the things in the python's body.
 5) No, they closed the basket and pushed it under the berth.

2. THE GOLDEN APPLES

- I.** 1) Atalanta was a fearless hunter and a great runner.
 2) Atalanta was a very beautiful girl.
 3) Many young men wished to marry her.
 4) Who would win a race against her.
 5) Those who lost the race against her would be killed.

- II.** 1) No, it was not easy.
 2) The Goddess of Beauty.
 3) Three golden apples.
 4) To see the race.
 5) Because he was strong and handsome.

3. THE SUNFLOWER

- I.** 1) The Sun.
 2) "Please come to me".
 3) The afternoon the chariot travelled west.
 4) In the evening the golden chariot touched the sea.
 5) "Please don't leave me", cried the princess.
- II.** 1) The Sun.
 2) "Please come to me".
 3) The afternoon the chariot travelled west.
 4) In the evening the golden chariot touched the sea.
 5) "Please don't leave me", cried the princess.

4. EKALAVYA

- I.** 1) Ekalavya was the son of the chief of the Nishada tribe.
 2) Ekalavya wanted to learn the art of archery.
 3) Drona who taught archery to the Pandava princess.
 4) He had come to learn archery from him. Kindly take him as his pupil.
 5) No, Drona taught only princess and Ekalavya was the son of a forest tribes chief.
- II.** 1) Drona was the master.
 2) Ekalavya was the forest tribes man.
 3) Ekalavya made an image of Drona.
 4) They came to the forest one day for a picnic.
 5) Ekalavya sent the arrows into the dog's mouth.
- III.** 1) On seeing Drona Ekalavya knelt before him.
 2) Ekalavya was the tribal boy.
 3) Drona promised Arjuna to make him the greatest archer in the world.
 4) Drona asked Ekalavya his right thumb as his fees.
 5) Yes, he knew it.

5. DAVID AND GOLIATH

- I.** 1) David lived in Israel.
 2) David spent his time looking after his father's sheep.
 3) David practised to shoot stones with his sling in his leisure time.
 4) King Saul ruled Israel at that time.
 5) The king recovered from his illness by hearing to the music of David.
- II.** 1) David was the Israelis' champion.
 2) David took a stone from his bag.
 3) The stone flew like a rocket.
 4) David took the sword of Goliath and cut off his head.
 5) Yes, he won the battle.

6. THE LITTLE MATCH GIRL

- I.** 1) A match girl.
 2) No.
 3) Hungry and cold.
 4) In a corner between two houses.
 5) Because she had not sold any matches. (or) Because she had not got any money.

- II.** 1) In the light of flame the girl saw her Grandmother.
2) Her Grandmother lifted her in her arms.
3) The little girl still sat there because she was dead.
4) She died on the last evening of the old year.
5) The girl travelled with her Grandmother.

7. IN SOUTH AFRICA

- I.** 1) Karamchand Gandhi was a young Indian lawyer in 1893.
2) One day Gandhi was going to Pretoria.
3) Gandhi was travelling by first class.
4) An Englishman came into the compartment at Natal.
5) According to the Ticket Collector the place of Gandhi was in the luggage van.
- II.** 1) An Englishman.
2) To sit on the box next to the driver.
3) Slapped him in the face.
4) On the footboard.
5) To sit on the box.

8. RANI OF JHANSI

- I.** 1) The British was ruling India in 1857.
2) The Indian army rose against the British Government.
3) Lakshmi Bai was the brave woman.
4) She was twenty two years old.
5) She dressed herself as a soldier.
- II.** 1) Who was the Indian army fighting against ?
2) What was the Rani of Jhansi ?
3) How did the Rani go into the battle ?
4) What kind of family was Lakshmi Bai born in ?
5) What did Lakshmi Bai learn as a child ?

- III.** 1) The Raja was very sad because his three months old son died.
2) The Raja wanted to adopt one of his nephews.
3) The Raja wrote to the British Viceroy to make his adopted son the King after his death.
4) No, he did not receive any reply from Delhi.
5) They killed the British officers and make Lakshmi Bai their Queen.
- IV.** 1) Against the British rulers.
2) The battle of Gwalior.
3) A spear struck her.
4) Because she did not want the British to touch her body.
5) The commander of the British army.

9. THE MAGIC PUMPKIN

- I.** 1) A mother and her child.
2) While they were crossing a field.
3) Rolled away.
4) Ran along the path.
5) It also jumped over the stream.
- II.** 1) Furaira's father was worried about Furaira.
2) The family goat came out.
3) It was sleeping all the while in a hut.
4) The goat threw the pumpkin high into the air.
5) Furaira's father took the animals away.

10. HUMPTY DUMPTY

- I.** 1) How old Alice was.
2) Till the ends of her mouth met the ears.
3) That his head would fall off.
4) Seven years and six months.
5) An egg.

